GRIN2D Rabbit pAb

Catalog No.: A10080 6 Publications



Basic Information

Observed MW

170kDa

Calculated MW

144kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse

Background

N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4 NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C), and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D).

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 - 1:2000

ELISA

Recommended starting concentration is 1 µg/mL.
Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID2906 **Swiss Prot**015399

Immunogen

Recombinant protein (or fragment). This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

EB11; NR2D; DEE46; EIEE46; GluN2D; NMDAR2D; GRIN2D

Contact

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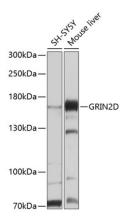
Product Information

SourceIsotypePurificationRabbitIgGAffinity purification

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS containing 50% glycerol, preserved with proclin300 or sodium azide (as specified on the Certificate of Analysis), pH 7.3.



Western blot analysis of various lysates using GRIN2D Rabbit pAb (A10080) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit lgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: $25\mu g$ per lane.

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.

Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).

Exposure time: 60s.