

ACC1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog No.: A19627

Recombinant

10 Publications

Basic Information

Observed MW

277kDa

Calculated MW

266kDa

Category

Primary antibody

Applications

WB, IHC-P, IP, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

CloneNo number

ARC2201

Background

Acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) is a complex multifunctional enzyme system. ACC is a biotin-containing enzyme which catalyzes the carboxylation of acetyl-CoA to malonyl-CoA, the rate-limiting step in fatty acid synthesis. There are two ACC forms, alpha and beta, encoded by two different genes. ACC-alpha is highly enriched in lipogenic tissues. The enzyme is under long term control at the transcriptional and translational levels and under short term regulation by the phosphorylation/dephosphorylation of targeted serine residues and by allosteric transformation by citrate or palmitoyl-CoA. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants divergent in the 5' sequence and encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene.

Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:1000 - 1:4000**IHC-P** 1:50 - 1:200**IP** 0.5µg-4µg antibody for
200µg-400µg extracts of
whole cells**ELISA** Recommended starting
concentration is 1 µg/mL.
Please optimize the
concentration based on
your specific assay
requirements.

Contact

 | 400-999-6126 | cn.market@abclonal.com.cn | www.abclonal.com.cn

Immunogen Information

Gene ID

31

Swiss Prot

Q13085

Immunogen

Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms

ACC; ACAC; ACC1; ACCA; Acac1; hACC1; ACACAD; ACCalpha; ACACalpha

Product Information

Source

Rabbit

Isotype

IgG

Purification

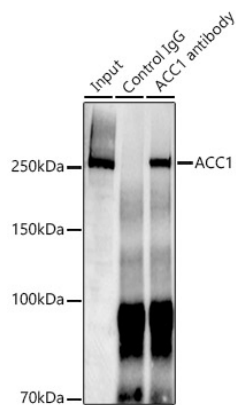
Affinity purification

Storage

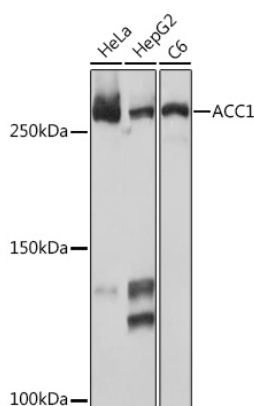
Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Buffer: PBS containing 50% glycerol and 0.05% BSA, preserved with proclin300 or sodium azide (as specified on the Certificate of Analysis), pH 7.3.

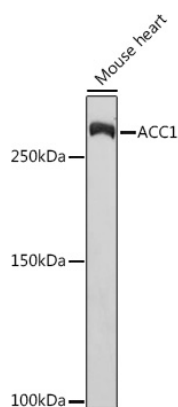
Validation Data



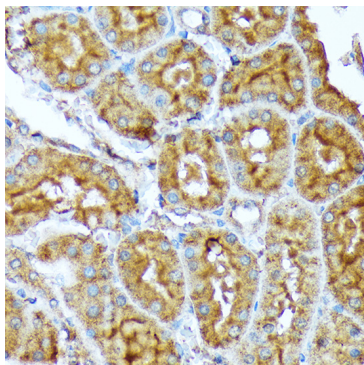
Immunoprecipitation analysis of 300 µg extracts of HepG2 cells using 3 µg ACC1 antibody (A19627). Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ACC1 (A19627) at a dilution of 1:1000.



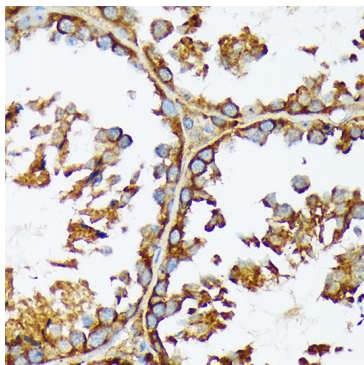
Western blot analysis of various lysates using ACC1 Rabbit mAb (A19627) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 10s.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Mouse heart, using ACC1 Rabbit mAb (A19627) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 30s.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat kidney using ACC1 Rabbit mAb (A19627) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Microwave antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Tris/EDTA Buffer (pH 9.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse testis using ACC1 Rabbit mAb (A19627) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Microwave antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Tris/EDTA Buffer (pH 9.0) prior to IHC staining.